



## MDW10 Series EC Note

DC-DC CONVERTER 10W, Regulated Output, DIP Package

#### **Features**

- ➤ Smallest Encapsulated 10W Converter
- Industrial Standard DIP-16 Package
- ➤ Wide 2:1 Input Voltage Range
- Fully Regulated Output Voltage
- ► I/O Isolation 1500 VDC
- ➤ Operating Ambient Temp. Range -40°C to +88°C
- Low No Load Power Consumption
- No Min. Load Requirement
- Under-voltage, Overload and Short Circuit Protection
- ► Shielded Metal Case with Insulated Baseplate
- Conducted EMI EN 55032 Class A Approved
- ► UL/cUL/IEC/EN 62368-1(60950-1) Safety Approval & CE Marking

# **Applications**

- ▶ Distributed power architectures
- Workstations
- Computer equipment
- Communications equipment

#### **Product Overview**

The MDW10 series is a 10W isolated DC-DC power converter distinguished by its highly integrated design and the use of the industrial standard DIP-16 packaging. Compared to its predecessor, the MDW10 series has reduced its volume by 75%, decreased weight by 79%, and achieved a power density of 63W/in3. Since its launch, this series has garnered widespread attention and procurement from industrial, medical, transportation, and power equipment manufacturers.

The MDW10 series offers a diverse range of options, including input voltage ranges of 9-18VDC, 18-36VDC, and 36-75VDC. It provides 24 different output voltage models, such as 3.3V, 5V, 5.1V, 12V, 15V, 24V, ±12V, and ±15VDC, all of which deliver stable output voltages.

MINMAX's primary advantage lies in its focus on minimizing the size of power modules while maintaining excellent electrical performance. The MDW10 series boasts an 88% high conversion efficiency and outstanding instantaneous load capability. Even under drastic external condition changes, it maintains highly stable output voltage, power loss, and heat performance. Other features include input under-voltage protection, output overload protection, output short-circuit protection, extremely low no-load power consumption, and no minimum load requirements. All models in the MDW10 series are CB certified, EMI conducted Class A certified, and have safety certifications such as UL/cUL/IEC/EN 62368-1.

The MDW10 series finds extensive applications in areas such as semiconductor processing equipment, power supplies, intelligent inspection robots, charging stations, motion controllers, power regulators, energy storage systems, quickly becoming one of MINMAX's standout product series with exceptionally high repeat purchase rates and customer satisfaction.

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Model	Input	Output	Output	Ing	ut Max. capacitiv		Efficiency	
Number	Voltage	Voltage	Current	Cur	rent	Load	(typ.)	
	(Range)		Max.	@Max. Load	@No Load		@Max. Load	
	VDC	VDC	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	μF	%	
MDW10-12S033		3.3	2700	940		2600	79	
MDW10-12S05		5	2000	1016		1300	82	
MDW10-12S051		5.1	2000	1037		1300	82	
MDW10-12S12	12	12	833	969	00	560	86	
MDW10-12S15	(9 ~ 18)	15	666	957	20	560	87	
MDW10-12S24		24	416	956		200	87	
MDW10-12D12		±12	±416	967		390#	86	
MDW10-12D15		±15	±333	968		200#	86	
MDW10-24S033		3.3	2700	464	40	2600	80	
MDW10-24S05		5	2000	502		1300	83	
MDW10-24S051		5.1	2000	512		1300	83	
MDW10-24S12	24	12	833	479		560	87	
MDW10-24S15	(18 ~ 36)	15	666	473	10	560	88	
MDW10-24S24		24	416	473		200	88	
MDW10-24D12		±12	±416	478			390#	87
MDW10-24D15		±15	±333	478		200#	87	
MDW10-48S033		3.3	2700	232		2600	80	
MDW10-48S05		5	2000	251	8		1300	83
MDW10-48S051		5.1	2000	256		1300	83	
MDW10-48S12	48	12	833	239		560	87	
MDW10-48S15	(36 ~ 75)	15	666	237		560	88	
MDW10-48S24	, ,	24	416	236		200	88	
MDW10-48D12		±12	±416	239		390#	87	
MDW10-48D15		±15	±333	239		200#	87	

# For each output

Input Specifications					
Parameter	Parameter Conditions / Model				Unit
	12V Input Models	-0.7		25	
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	24V Input Models	-0.7		50	
	48V Input Models	-0.7		100	
Start-Up Threshold Voltage	12V Input Models			9	
	24V Input Models			18	VDC
	48V Input Models			36	
	12V Input Models		8		
Under Voltage Shutdown	24V Input Models		16		
	48V Input Models		34		
Start Up Time (Power On)	Nominal Vin and Constant Resistive Load 30		ms		
Input Filter	All Models	Internal Pi Type			

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Output Specifications						
Parameter	Conditions / Model		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy					±1.0	%Vnom.
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, E	alanced Loads		±1.0	±2.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Ma	ax. @Full Load		±0.2	±0.8	%
Load Regulation	lo=0% t	to 100%			±1.0	%
Load Cross Regulation (Dual Output Models)	Asymmetrical Load 25/100% Full Load				±5.0	%
Minimum Load	No minimum Load Requirement					
Director 0 Maria	0-20 MHz Bandwidth	3.3, 5V, 5.1V Output		60		mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Ripple & Noise		Other Output		80		mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Step Change				500	µsec
Transient Response Deviation				±3	±5	%
Temperature Coefficient				±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Over Load Protection	Hiccup			160		%
Short Circuit Protection	Continuous, Automatic Recovery (Hiccup Mode 0.3Hz typ.)					

General Specifications					
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
WO. I. S. V. II.	60 Seconds	1500			VDC
I/O Isolation Voltage	1 Second	1800			VDC
Isolation Voltage Input/Output to case		1000			VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000			MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V 1500		1500	pF	
Switching Frequency	420				kHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign 1,814,779 Hours				
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition (UL certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1 (CB-report)				
	UL/cUL 62368-1 recognition (UL certificate), IEC/EN 62368-1 (CB-report)				

EMC Specifications				
Parameter	Standards & Level Performan			
EMI	Conduction	EN 55032	Without external components	Class A
EMI <sub>(5)</sub>	Radiation	EN 33032	With external components	Class A
	EN 55035			
	ESD	Direct discharge	Indirect discharge HCP & VCP	
		EN 61000-4-2 Air ± 8kV, Contact ± 6kV	Contact ± 6kV	A
EMC	Radiated immunity	EN 61000-4	A	
EMS <sub>(5)</sub>	Fast transient	EN 61000-4-4 ±2kV		Α
	Surge	EN 61000-4	Α	
	Conducted immunity	EN 61000-4-	Α	
	PFMF EN 61000-4-8 100A/m, 1000A/m (1 sec.)			Α

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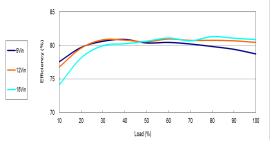
Environmental Specifications				
Parameter	Conditions / Model	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range Nominal	MDW10-12S15, MDW10-12S24, MDW10-24S12, MDW10-24S15 MDW10-24S24, MDW10-24D12, MDW10-24D15, MDW10-48S12 MDW10-48S15, MDW10-48S24, MDW10-48D12, MDW10-48D15		+72	
Vin, Load 100% Inom. (for Power Derating see relative Derating Curves)	MDW10-12S12, MDW10-12D12, MDW10-12D15	-40	+65	°C
	MDW10-12S05, MDW10-12S051, MDW10-24S033, MDW10-24S05 MDW10-24S051, MDW10-48S033, MDW10-48S05, MDW10-48S051		+54	
	MDW10-12S033		+47	
Case Temperature			+105	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)			95	% rel. H
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10 sec.)			260	°C

#### Notes

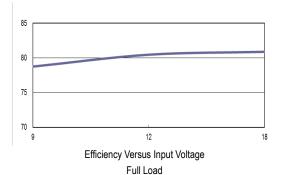
- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%.
- 3 We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
- 4 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- 5 The external components might be required to meet EMI/EMS standard for some of test items. Please contact MINMAX for the solution in detail.
- 6 Specifications are subject to change without notice.
- The repeated high voltage isolation testing of the converter can degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction, environment and reflow solder process. Any material is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage. Furthermore, the high voltage isolation capability after reflow solder process should be evaluated as it is applied on system.

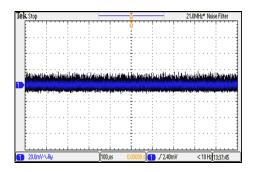
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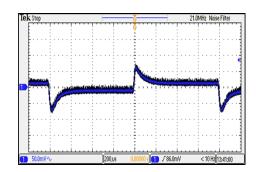


Efficiency Versus Output Current

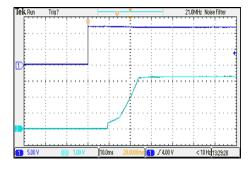




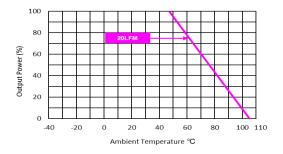
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom

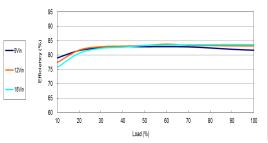


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \ ; \ \text{Full Load}$ 

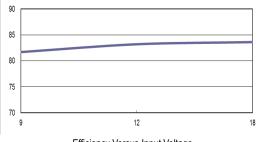


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

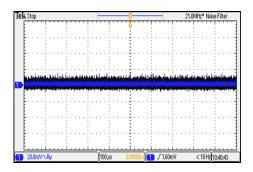




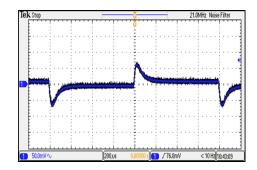
Efficiency Versus Output Current



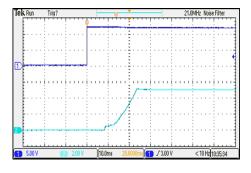
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



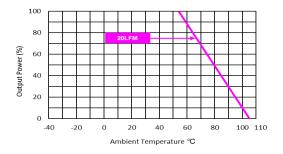
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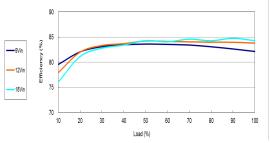


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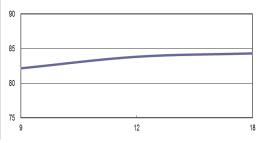


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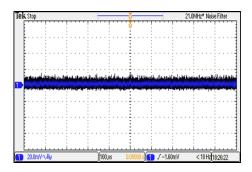




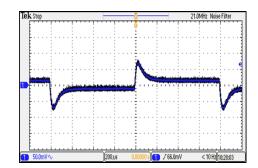
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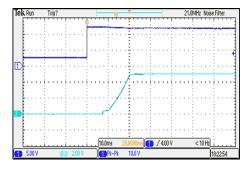
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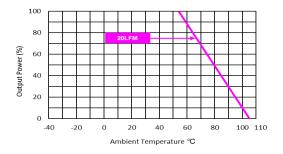
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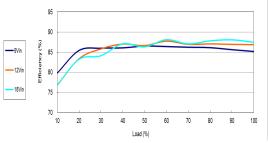


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

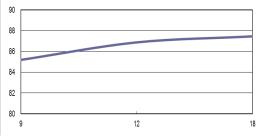


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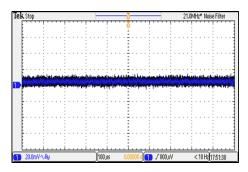




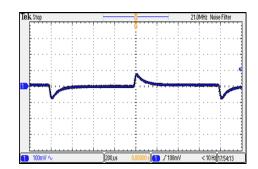
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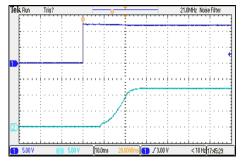
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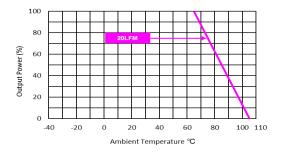
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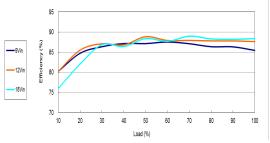


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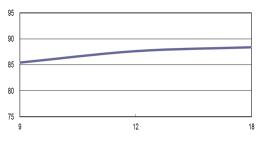


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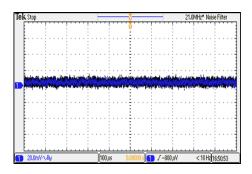




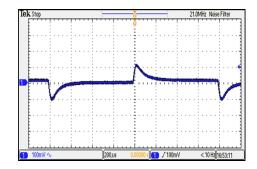
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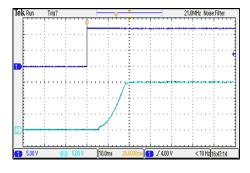
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



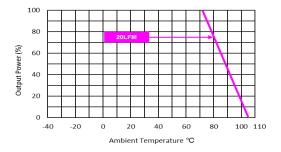
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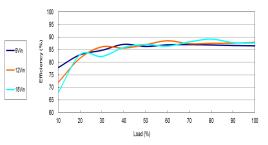


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

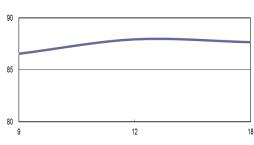


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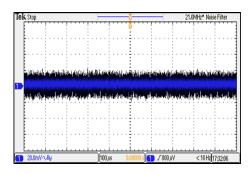




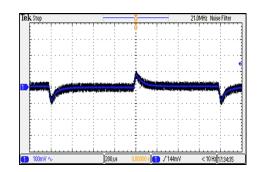
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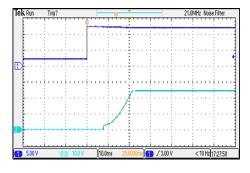
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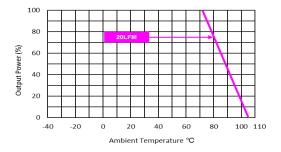
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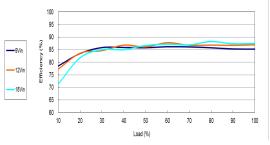


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

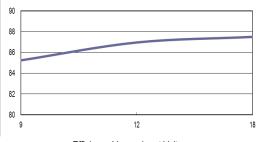


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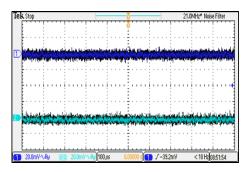




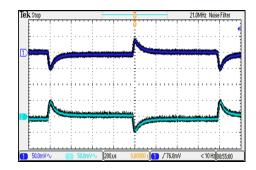
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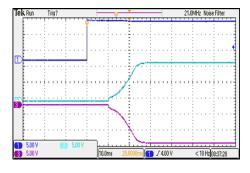
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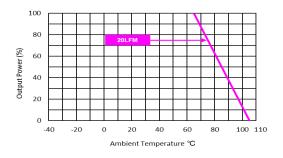
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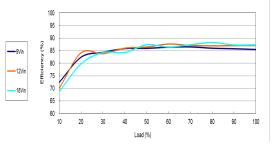


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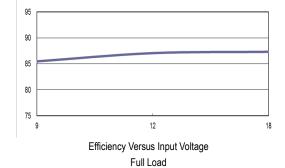


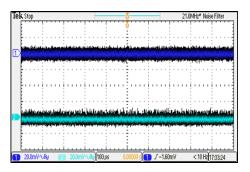
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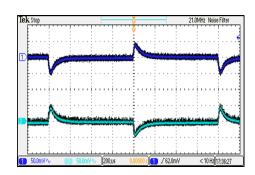


Efficiency Versus Output Current

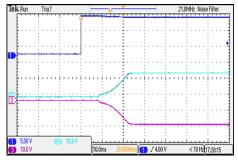




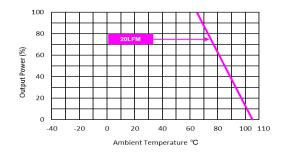
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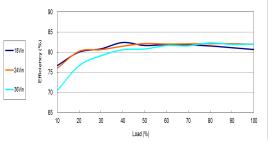


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 

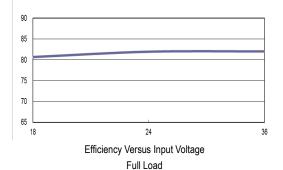


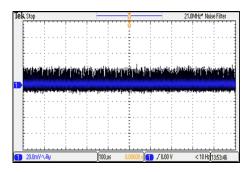
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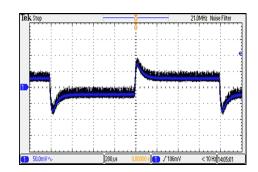


Efficiency Versus Output Current

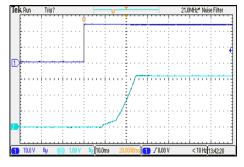




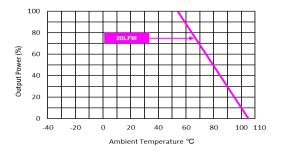
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom

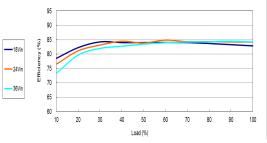


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 

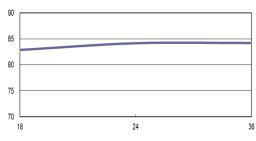


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

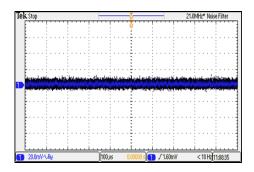




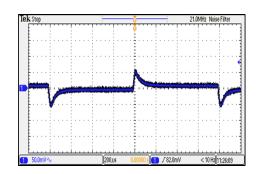
Efficiency Versus Output Current



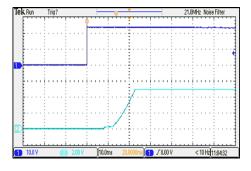
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



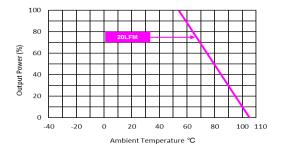
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ ; Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$ 

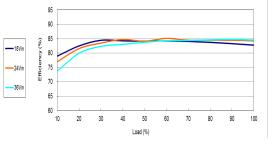


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

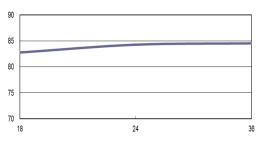


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>

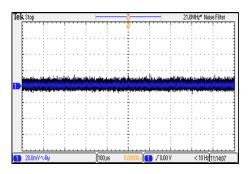




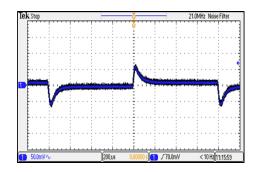
Efficiency Versus Output Current



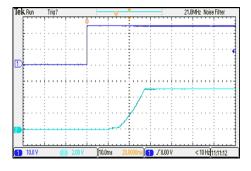
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



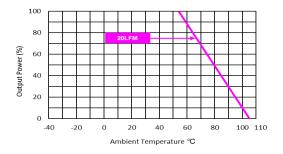
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ ; Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$ 

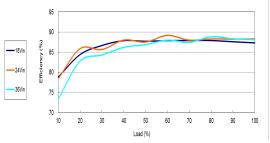


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

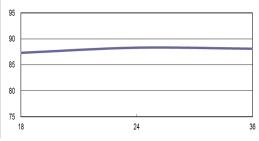


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>

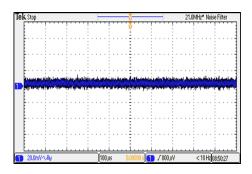




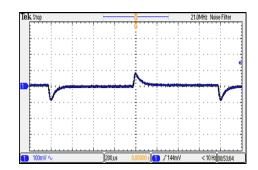
Efficiency Versus Output Current



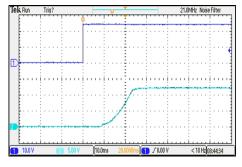
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



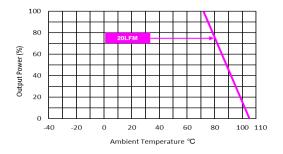
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ ; Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$ 

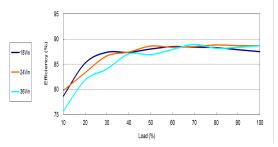


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

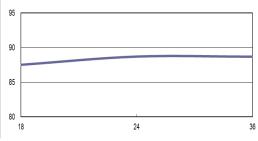


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>

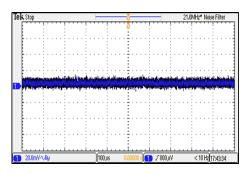




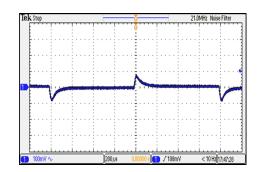
Efficiency Versus Output Current



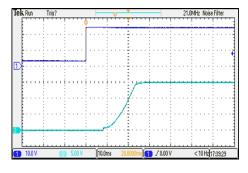
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



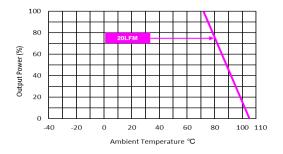
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ ; Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$ 

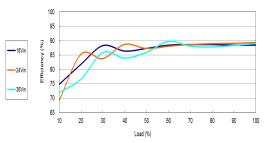


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

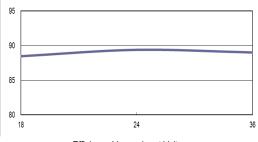


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>

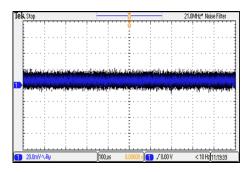




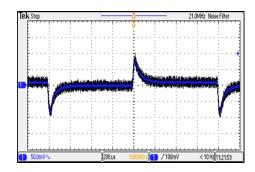
Efficiency Versus Output Current



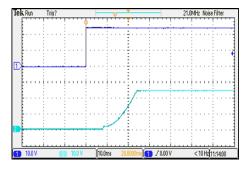
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



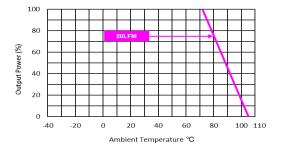
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ ; Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$ 

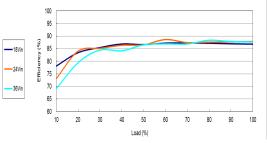


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

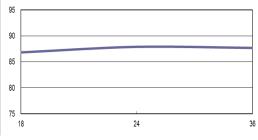


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>

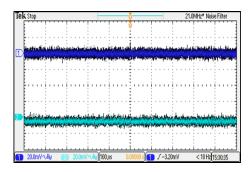




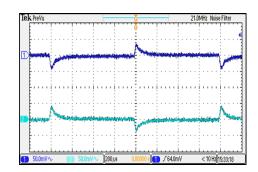
Efficiency Versus Output Current



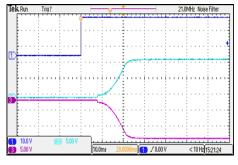
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



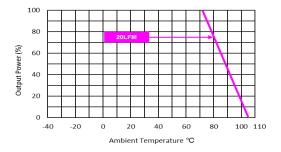
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ ; Full Load



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}=V_{in\ nom}$ 

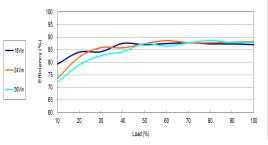


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>; Full Load

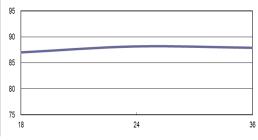


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow V<sub>in</sub>=V<sub>in nom</sub>

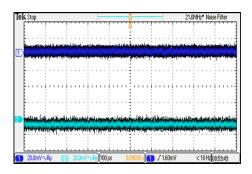




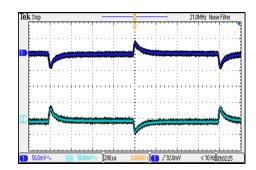
Efficiency Versus Output Current



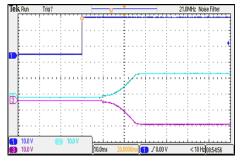
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



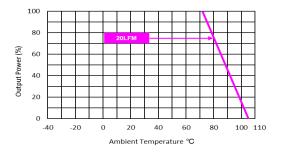
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom

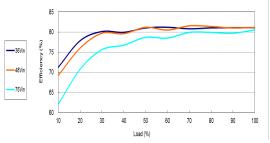


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 

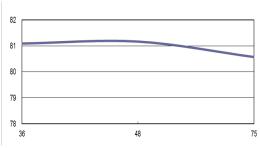


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

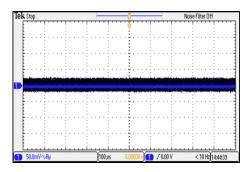




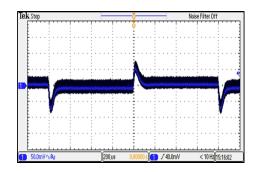
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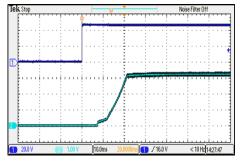
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



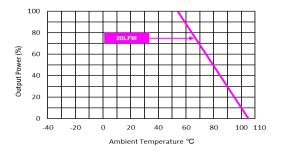
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{\text{in}}\text{=}V_{\text{in nom}}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom

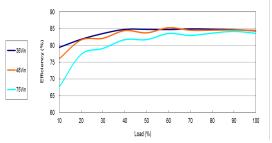


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 

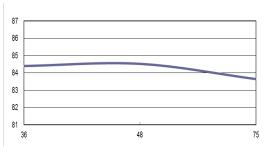


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

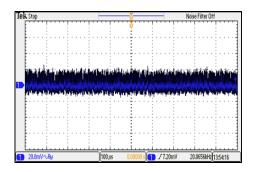




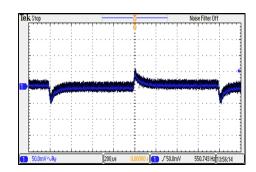
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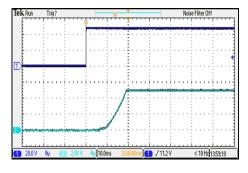
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



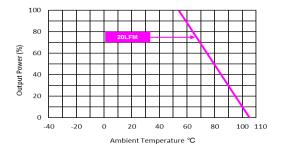
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom

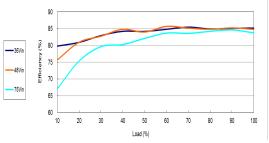


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} {=} V_{\text{in nom}} \, ; \, \text{Full Load}$ 

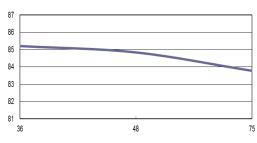


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

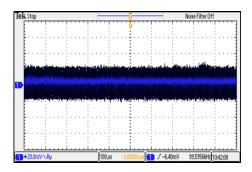




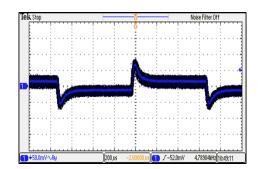
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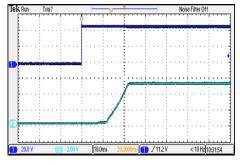
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



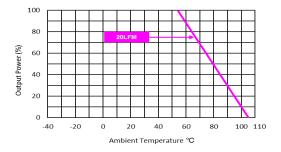
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom

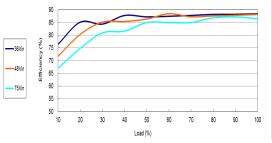


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 

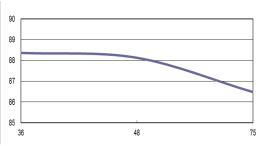


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

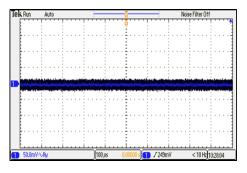




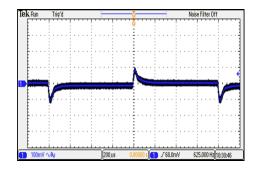
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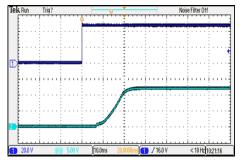
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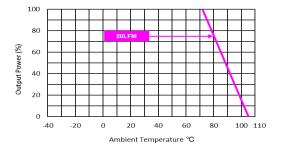
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom

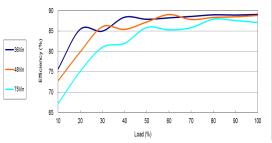


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 

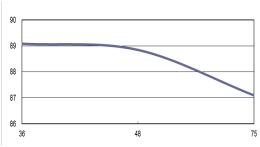


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

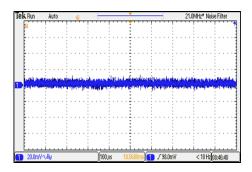




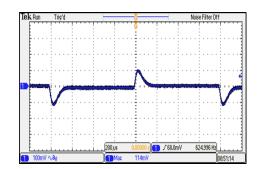
Efficiency Versus Output Current



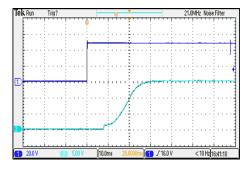
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



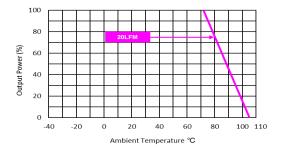
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom

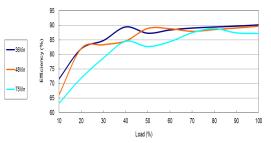


Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} {=} V_{\text{in nom}} \, ; \, \text{Full Load}$ 

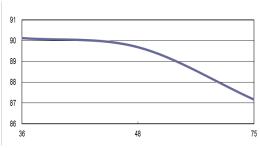


Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

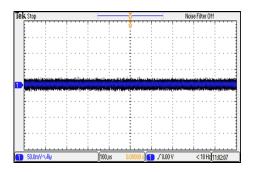




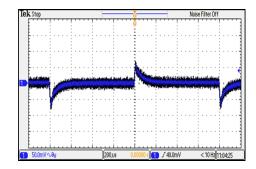
Efficiency Versus Output Current



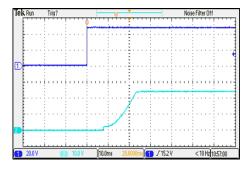
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



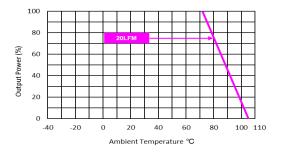
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom

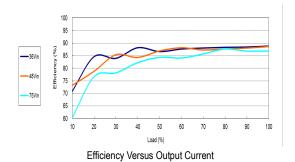


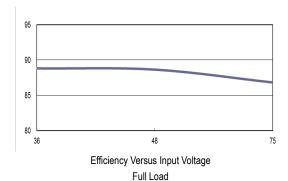
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} {=} V_{\text{in nom}} \, ; \, \text{Full Load}$ 

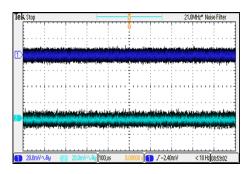


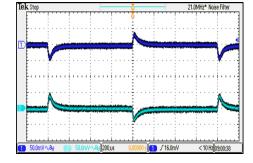
Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 





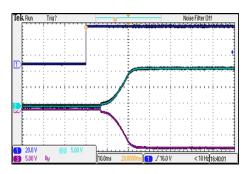


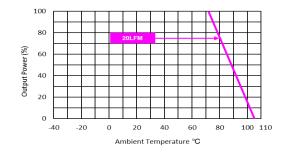




Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 

Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load ;  $V_{in}$ = $V_{in nom}$ 

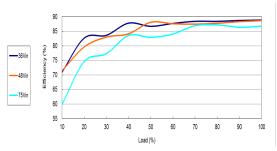




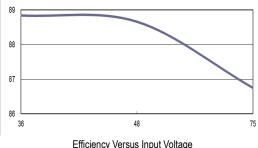
Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 

Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 

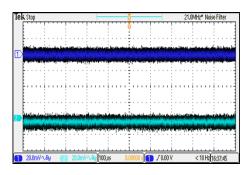




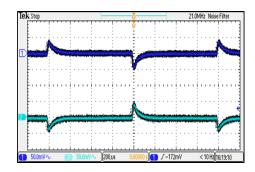
Efficiency Versus Output Current



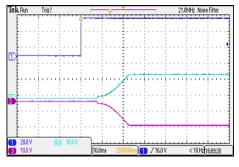
Efficiency Versus Input Voltage Full Load



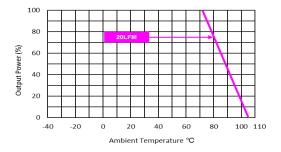
Typical Output Ripple and Noise  $V_{in}\text{=}V_{in\,nom}\,;\,\text{Full Load}$ 



Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 100% to 75% of Full Load; Vin=Vin nom



Typical Input Start-Up and Output Rise Characteristic  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{in nom}} \; ; \; \text{Full Load}$ 



Derating Output Current Versus Ambient Temperature and Airflow  $V_{\text{in}} \! = \! V_{\text{in nom}}$ 



# 

Pin Connections			
Pin	Single Output	Dual Output	Diameter mm (inches)
1	-Vin	-Vin	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
7	NC	NC	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
8	NC	Common	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
9	+Vout	+Vout	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
10	-Vout	-Vout	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
16	+Vin	+Vin	Ø 0.5 [0.02]

NC: No Connection

- ► All dimensions in mm (inches)
- Tolerance: X.X±0.5 (X.XX±0.02)

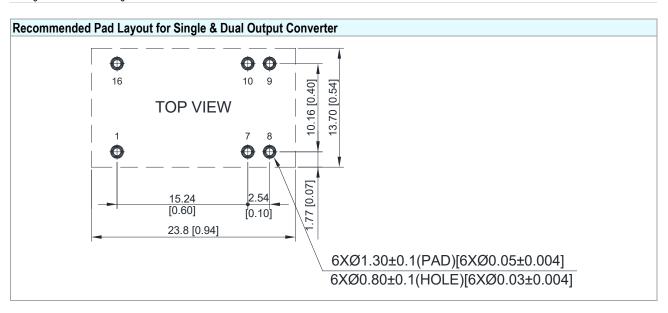
X.XX±0.25 (X.XXX±0.01)

► Pin diameter tolerance: X.X±0.05 (X.XX±0.002)

#### **Physical Characteristics**

Case Size : 23.8x13.7x8.0 mm (0.94x0.54x0.31 inches)
Case Material : Metal With Non-Conductive Baseplate

Pin Material : Copper Alloy Weight : 6.5g

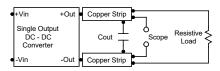


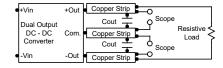


#### **Test Setup**

#### Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Refer to the output specifications or add 4.7µF capacitor if the output specifications undefine Cout. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.





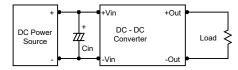
#### **Technical Notes**

#### Overload Protection

To provide hiccup mode protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure overload for an unlimited duration.

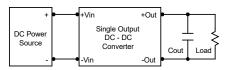
#### Input Source Impedance

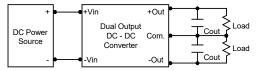
The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor on the input to insure startup. By using a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR <  $1.0\Omega$  at 100 kHz) capacitor of a  $2.2\mu\text{F}$  for the 12V, 24V and 48V input devices, capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit.



#### Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use  $3.3\mu\text{F}$  capacitors at the output.



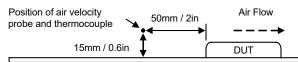


#### Maximum Capacitive Load

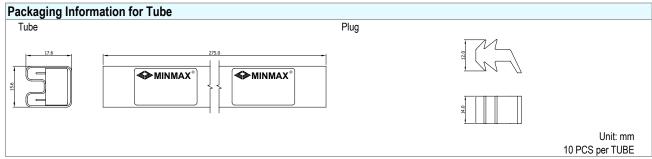
The MDW10 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance on the output. The power module may operate in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. Connect capacitors at the point of load for best performance. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

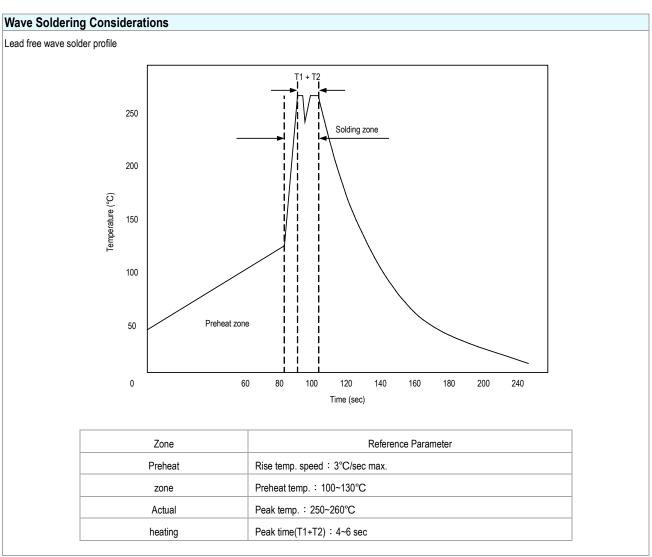
#### Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 105°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.









## **Hand Welding Parameter**

Reference Solder: Sn-Ag-Cu : Sn-Cu : Sn-Ag Hand Welding: Soldering iron: Power 60W

Welding Time: 2~4 sec Temp.: 380~400°C



Part Number Structure М D W 10 12 S 033 Wide 2:1 Output Power Input Voltage Range **Output Quantity** Output Voltage Package Type DIP-16 Input Voltage Range 10 Watt 18 VDC S: Single 033: 3.3 VDC 12: 24: 18 36 VDC D: Dual 05: VDC 5 VDC VDC 48: 36 75 051: 5.1 VDC 12: 12 15: 15 VDC 24: 24 VDC

## MTBF and Reliability

The MTBF of MDW10 series of DC-DC converters has been calculated using

MIL-HDBK 217F NOTICE2, Operating Temperature 25°C, Ground Benign.

Model	MTBF	Unit
MDW10-12S033	1,817,895	
MDW10-12S05	1,827,687	
MDW10-12S051	1,814,779	
MDW10-12S12	2,731,684	
MDW10-12S15	2,913,675	
MDW10-12S24	2,971,325	
MDW10-12D12	2,714,159	
MDW10-12D15	2,694,724	
MDW10-24S033	1,983,726	
MDW10-24S05	1,995,845	
MDW10-24S051	2,000,062	
MDW10-24S12	2,963,950	Hours
MDW10-24S15	3,149,204	nouis
MDW10-24S24	3,205,296	
MDW10-24D12	2,935,513	
MDW10-24D15	2,911,181	
MDW10-48S033	1,984,208	
MDW10-48S05	2,000,152	
MDW10-48S051	1,987,283	
MDW10-48S12	2,965,960	
MDW10-48S15	3,148,532	
MDW10-48S24	3,209374	
MDW10-48D12	2,938,701	
MDW10-48D15	2,917,626	

Date:2024-03-05 Rev:3